

Table 1.2: Agro-climatic regions/zones in India

S.No.	Agro-climatic regions/zones	States represented
I	Western Himalayan region	Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Uttarakhand
II	Eastern Himalayan region	Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Manipur, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Nagaland, Sikkim, Tripura, West Bengal
III	Lower Gangetic plain region	West Bengal
IV	Middle Gangetic plain region	Uttar Pradesh, Bihar
V	Upper Gangetic plain region	Uttar Pradesh
VI	Trans Gangetic plain region	Chandigarh, Delhi, Haryana, Punjab, Rajasthan
VII	Eastern plateau and hills region	Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Odisha, West Bengal
VIII	Central plateau and hills region	Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh
IX	Western plateau and hills region	Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra
X	Southern plateau and hills region	Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu
XI	East coast plains and hills region	Andhra Pradesh, Odisha, Puducherry, Tamil Nadu
XII	West coast plains and ghat region	Goa, Karnataka, Kerala, Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu
XIII	Gujarat plains and hills region	Gujarat, Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu
XIV	Western dry region	Rajasthan
XV	Island region	Andaman & Nicobar Islands, Lakshadweep

Source : Planning Commission (Khanna, 1989) has identified 15 resource development regions in the country, 14 in the main land and remaining one in the islands of Bay of Bengal and Arabian Sea.

